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Libau—Examination of emigrants.

Acting Assistant Surgeon De Forest reports, November 15:

Week ended November 12. Four hundred and fifty-nine emigrants for steamship *Lituania*, sailing for New York November 16, were examined and at time of sailing will have been in Libau 5 days; pieces of baggage disinfected, 200.

One case of smallpox occurred in Libau.

VENEZUELA.

Caracas—Plague.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Kellogg at La Guaira reports, November 17:

During the week ended October 13, 4 cases of plague with 3 deaths occurred in widely separated foci in Caracas.

La Guaira—Inspection of vessels—Yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Kellogg reports, November 7 and 14

INSPECTION OF VESSELS.

Week ended November 6.

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Crew.	Passengers transit.	Passengers taken.
Nov. 1	Zulia.....	New York.....	50	3	7
4	Dictator.....	Galveston.....	39	0	0
4	Cittá di Milano.....	Porto Rico.....	82	41	16
6	Maracaibo.....	New York.....	51	2	9

Week ended November 13.

Nov. 11	Prins Willem V.....	New York.....	66	11	22
11	Guadeloupe.....	Colon.....	171	271	2
15	Mexican.....	Galveston.....	47	6	0

During the past 10 days 5 cases of yellow fever occurred in Maiquetia. Of these, 3 were fatal.

ZANZIBAR.

Zanzibar—History of plague case.^a

Consul Garrels reports, October 26:

The two plague deaths reported October 26 occurred October 23, and were bacteriologically verified. Both of the patients were natives of India, one being the wife of a leading banker and broker. None of the rats caught in the vicinity in which the deaths occurred show traces of the disease. From May 1 to October 21, 1909, 32,211 rats have been examined and none found to be infected.

It is the opinion of the local health officer that the occurrence of plague in Zanzibar is the result of a direct infection from goods and wearing apparel brought from India. He bases his belief on the fact that no rats show infection and that the cases are isolated and occur only among the Hindoos.

^a See Public Health Reports, November 5, 1909, page 1683.